

ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(A Statutory body of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

3rd,4th and 5th floors, Neeladri Towers, Sri Ram Nagar,6th Battalion Road, Atmakur(V), Mangalagiri(M), Guntur-522 503, Andhra Pradesh **Web**: www.apsche.org **Email**: acapsche@gmail.com

REVISED SYLLABUS OF B.Sc. PHYSICS (FOR MATHEMATICS COMBINATIONS) UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-2021

PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.Sc.

(Physics for Mathematics Combinations)

(With Learning Outcomes, Unit-wise Syllabus, References, Co-curricular Activities &

Model Q.P.)

For Fifteen Courses of 1, 2, 3 & 4 Semesters)

(To be Implemented from 2020-21 Academic Year)

AP STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION **B.Sc. PHYSICSSYLLABUS UNDER CBCS** [For Mathematics combinations]

w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in May 2020)

First Semester

Course I: Mechanics, Waves and Oscillations Practical Course I (Lab-1)

Second Semester

Course II: Wave Optics Practical Course II (Lab-2)

Third Semester

Course III: Heat and Thermodynamics Practical Course III (Lab-3)

Fourth Semester

Course IV: Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics Practical Course IV (Lab- 4)

Course V:Modern Physics Practical Course V (Lab-V)

Year	Semeste r	Cours e	Title of the Course	Marks	No.ofHrs /Week	No.of Credits
I	т	Ι	Mechanics, Waves and Oscillations	100	4	03
	1		Practical Course- I	50	2	02
	II	II	Wave Optics	100	4	03
			Practical Course – II	50	2	02
п	III	Ш	Heat and Thermodynamics	100	4	03
			Practical Course – III	50	2	02
	IV	IV	Electricity, Magnetism and	100	4	03
			Practical Course – IV	50	2	02
		V	Modern Physics	100	4	03
			Practical Course –V	50	2	02
	Total No. of Courses : 05 (Five)					

B.Sc.PHYSICS COURSE STRUCTURE UNDER CBCS

B.Sc. PHYSICS SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS

For Mathematics Combinations

[2020-21 Batch onwards]

I Year B.Sc.-Physics: I Semester

Course I: MECHANICS, WAVES AND OSCILLATIONS

Work load:60 hrs per semester

4 hrs/week

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand Newton's laws of motion and motion of variable mass system and its application to rocket motion and the concepts of impact parameter, scattering cross section.
- Apply the rotational kinematic relations, the principle and working of gyroscope and itapplications and the precessional motion of a freely rotating symmetric top.
- Comprehend the general characteristics of central forces and the application of Kepler's laws to describe the motion of planets and satellite in circular orbit through the study of law of Gravitation.
- Understand postulates of Special theory of relativity and its consequences such as length contraction, time dilation, relativistic mass and mass-energy equivalence.
- Examinephenomena of simple harmonic motionand the distinction between undamped, damped and forced oscillations and the concepts of resonance and quality factor with reference to damped harmonic oscillator.
- Appreciate the formulation of the problem of coupled oscillations and solve them to obtain normal modes of oscillation and their frequencies in simple mechanical systems.
- Figure outthe formation of harmonics and overtones in a stretched string and acquire the knowledge on Ultrasonic waves, their production and detection and their applications in different fields.

UNIT-I:

1. Mechanics of Particles

Review of Newton's Laws of Motion, Motion of variable mass system, Motion of a rocket, Multistage rocket, Concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section, Rutherford scattering-Derivation.

2. Mechanics of Rigid bodies

Rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, Equation of motion for a rotating body, Angular momentum and Moment of inertia tensor, Euler equations, Precession of a spinning top, Gyroscope, Precession of atom and nucleus in magnetic field, Precession of the equinoxes

Unit-II:

3. Motion in a Central Force Field

Central forces, definition and examples, characteristics of central forces, conservative nature of central forces, Equation of motion under a central force, Kepler's laws of planetary motion-Proofs, Motion of satellites, Basic idea of Global Positioning System (GPS), weightlessness, Physiological effects of astronauts

UNIT-III:

4. Relativistic Mechanics

Introduction to relativity, Frames of reference, Galilean transformations, absolute frames, Michelson-Morley experiment, negative result, Postulates of Special theory of relativity, Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, variation of mass with velocity, Einstein's mass-energy relation

Unit-IV:

5. Undamped, Damped and Forced oscillations:

Simple harmonic oscillator and solution of the differential equation, Damped harmonic oscillator, Forced harmonic oscillator – Their differential equations and solutions, Resonance, Logarithmic decrement, Relaxation time and Quality factor.

6. Coupled oscillations:

Coupled oscillators-Introduction, Two coupled oscillators, Normal coordinates and Normal modes- N-coupled oscillators and wave equation

(5 hrs)

(7 hrs)

(12hrs)

(12hrs)

(07 hrs)

(05 hrs)

Unit-V:

7. Vibrating Strings:

(07 hrs)

Transverse wave propagation along a stretched string, General solution of wave equation and its significance, Modes of vibration of stretched string clamped at ends, Overtones and Harmonics,Melde's strings.

8. Ultrasonics:

(05 hrs)

Ultrasonics, General Properties of ultrasonic waves, Production of ultrasonics by piezoelectric and magnetostriction methods, Detection of ultrasonics, Applications of ultrasonic waves, SONAR

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- ♦ B. Sc. Physics, Vol.1, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad
- ✤ Fundamentals of Physics Vol. I Resnick, Halliday, Krane ,Wiley India 2007
- College Physics-I. T. Bhimasankaram and G. Prasad. Himalaya Publishing House.
- University Physics-FW Sears, MW Zemansky& HD Young, Narosa Publications, Delhi
- Mechanics, S.G.Venkatachalapathy, Margham Publication, 2003.
- Waves and Oscillations. N. Subramanyam and Brijlal, VikasPulications.
- Unified Physics Waves and Oscillations, Jai PrakashNath&Co.Ltd.
- ♦ Waves & Oscillations. S.Badami, V. Balasubramanian and K.R. Reddy, Orient

Longman.

- * The Physics of Waves and Oscillations, N.K.Bajaj, Tata McGraw Hill
- Science and Technology of Ultrasonics- Baldevraj, Narosa, New Delhi,2004

Practical Course 1: Mechanics, Waves and Oscillations

Work load: 30 hrs per semester

2 hrs/week

Course outcomes (Practicals):

On successful completion of this practical course, the student will be able to;

- Perform experiments on Properties of matter such as the determination of moduli of elasticity viz., Young's modulus, Rigidity modulus of certain materials; Surface tension of water, Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid, Moment of inertia of some regular bodies by different methods and compare the experimental values with the standard values.
- Know how to determine the acceleration due to gravity at a place using Compound pendulum and Simple pendulum.
- Notice the difference between flat resonance and sharp resonance in case of volume resonator and sonometer experiments respectively.
- Verify the laws of transverse vibrations in a stretched string using sonometer and comment on the relation between frequency, length and tension of a stretched string under vibration.
- Demonstrate the formation of stationary waves on a string in Melde's string experiment.
- > Observe the motion of coupled oscillators and normal modes.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded:

- 1. Young's modulus of the material of a bar (scale) by uniform bending
- 2. Young's modulus of the material a bar (scale) by non- uniform bending
- 3. Surface tension of a liquid by capillary rise method
- 4. Viscosity of liquid by the flow method (Poiseuille's method)
- 5. Bifilar suspension Moment of inertia of a regular rectangular body.
- 6. Fly-wheel -Determination of moment of inertia
- 7. Rigidity modulus of material of a wire-Dynamic method (Torsional pendulum)
- 8. Volume resonator experiment
- 9. Determination of 'g' by compound/bar pendulum
- 10. Simple pendulum- normal distribution of errors-estimation of time period and the error of the mean by statistical analysis
- 11. Determination of the force constant of a spring by static and dynamic method.

- 12. Coupled oscillators
- 13. Verification of laws of vibrations of stretched string –Sonometer
- 14. Determination of frequency of a bar –Melde's experiment.
- 15. Study of a damped oscillation using the torsional pendulum immersed in liquid-decay constant and damping correction of the amplitude.

RECOMMENDED CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

MEASURABLE

- Assignments (in writing and doing forms on the aspects of syllabus content and outside the syllabus content. Shall be individual and challenging)
- Student seminars (on topics of the syllabus and related aspects (individual activity)
- Quiz (on topics where the content can be compiled by smaller aspects and data (Individuals or groups as teams)
- Field studies (individual observations and recordings as per syllabus content and related areas (Individual or team activity)
- Study projects (by very small groups of students on selected local real-time problems pertaining to syllabus or related areas. The individual participation and contribution of students shall be ensured (team activity)

GENERAL

- Group Discussion
- Visit to Research Stations, Science Museum Centres to understand the basic principles of mechanics with live examples and related industries
- Visit to Satellite launching station at Sri Harikota.

RECOMMENDED ASSESSMENT METHODS

Some of the following suggested assessment methodologies could be adopted;

- The oral and written examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests)
- Problem-solving exercises
- Practical assignments and Observation of practical skills
- Individual and group project reports
- Efficient delivery using seminar presentations
- ✤ Viva voce interviews.

B.Sc. PHYSICS SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS

For Mathematics Combinations [2020-21 Batch onwards] I Year B.Sc.-Physics: II Semester Course-II: WAVE OPTICS

Work load:60 hrs per semester

4 hrs/week

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Understand the phenomenon of interference of light and its formation in (i) Lloyd's single mirror due to division of wave front and (ii) Thin films, Newton's rings and Michelson interferometer due to division of amplitude.
- Distinguish between Fresnel's diffraction and Fraunhoffer diffraction and observe the diffraction patterns in the case of single slit and the diffraction grating.
- Describe the construction and working of zone plate and make the comparison of zone plate with convex lens.
- Explain the various methods of production of plane, circularly and polarized light and their detection and the concept of optical activity..
- Comprehend the basic principle of laser, the working of He-Ne laser and Ruby lasers and their applications in different fields.
- Explain about the different aberrations in lenses and discuss the methods of minimizing them.
- Understand the basic principles of fibreoptic communication and explore the field of Holography and Nonlinear optics and their applications.

UNIT-I Interference of light: (12hrs)Introduction, Conditions for interference of light, Interference of light by division of wave front and amplitude,Phase change on reflection-Stokes' treatment, Lloyd's single mirror,Interference in thin films: Plane parallel and wedge-shaped films, colours in thin films, Newton's rings in reflected light-Theory and experiment,

Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light, Michelson interferometer and determination of wavelength.

UNIT-II Diffraction of light:(12hrs)

Introduction, Types of diffraction: Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffractions, Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction, Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit, Plane diffraction grating, Determination of wavelength of light using diffraction grating, Resolving power of grating, Fresnel's half period zones, Explanation of rectilinear propagation of light, Zone plate, comparison of zone plate with convex lens.

UNIT-III Polarisation of light:(12hrs)

Polarized light: Methods of production of plane polarized light, Double refraction, Brewster's law, Malus law, Nicol prism, Nicol prism as polarizer and analyzer, Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate, Plane, Circularly and Elliptically polarized light-Production and detection, Optical activity, Laurent's half shade polarimeter: determination of specific rotation, Basic principle of LCDs

UNIT-IV Aberrations and Fibre Optics:

(12hrs)

Monochromatic aberrations, Spherical aberration, Methods of minimizing spherical aberration, Coma, Astigmatism and Curvature of field, Distortion; Chromatic aberration-the achromatic doublet; Achromatism for two lenses (i) in contact and (ii) separated by a distance.

Fibre optics: Introduction to Fibers, different types of fibers, rays and modes in an optical fiber, Principles of fiber communication (qualitative treatment only), Advantages of fiber optic communication.

UNIT-V Lasersand Holography:(12hrs)

Lasers: Introduction, Spontaneous emission, stimulated emission, Population Inversion, Laser principle, Einstein coefficients, Types of lasers-He-Ne laser, Ruby laser, Applications of lasers; Holography: Basic principle of holography, Applications of holography

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- BSc Physics, Vol.2, Telugu Akademy, Hyderabad
- A Text Book of Optics-N Subramanyam, L Brijlal, S.Chand& Co.
- Optics-Murugeshan, S.Chand& Co.

- Unified Physics Vol.IIOptics, Jai PrakashNath&Co.Ltd., Meerut
- Optics, F.A. Jenkins and H.G. White, McGraw-Hill
- Optics, AjoyGhatak, TataMcGraw-Hill.
- Introduction of Lasers Avadhanulu, S.Chand& Co.
- Principles of Optics- BK Mathur, Gopala Printing Press, 1995

Practical Course II: Wave Optics

Work load:30hrs

2 hrs/week

Course outcomes (Practicals):

On successful completion of this practical course the student will be able to,

- 1. Gain hands-on experience of using various optical instruments like spectrometer, polarimeterand making finer measurements of wavelength of light using Newton Ringsexperiment, diffraction grating etc.
- 2. Understand the principle of working of polarimeter and the measurement of specific rotatory power of sugar solution
- 3. Know the techniques involved in measuring the resolving power of telescope and dispersive power of the material of the prism.
- 4. Be familiar with the determination of refractive index of liquid by Boy's methodand the determination of thickness of a thin wire by wedge method.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded

- 1. Determination of radius of curvature of a given convex lens-Newton's rings.
- 2. Resolving power of grating.
- 3. Study of optical rotation –polarimeter.
- 4. Dispersive power of a prism.
- 5. Determination of wavelength of light using diffraction grating-minimum deviation method.
- 6. Determination of wavelength of light using diffraction grating-normal incidence method.
- 7. Resolving power of a telescope.
- 8. Refractive index of a liquid-hallow prism
- 9. Determination of thickness of a thin wire by wedge method
- 10. Determination of refractive index of liquid-Boy's method.

RECOMMENDED CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

MEASURABLE

 Assignments (in writing and doing forms on the aspects of syllabus content and outside the syllabus content. Shall be individual and challenging)

- Student seminars (on topics of the syllabus and related aspects (individual activity)
- Quiz (on topics where the content can be compiled by smaller aspects and data (Individuals or groups as teams)
- Study projects (by very small groups of students on selected local real-time problems pertaining to syllabus or related areas. The individual participation and contribution of students shall be ensured (team activity)

GENERAL

- ✤ Group Discussion
- Visit to Research Stations/laboratories and related industries

RECOMMENDED ASSESSMENT METHODS

Some of the following suggested assessment methodologies could be adopted;

- ✤ The oral and written examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests),
- Practical assignments and laboratory reports,
- Efficient delivery using seminar presentations,
- ✤ Viva voce interviews.

B.Sc. PHYSICS SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS

For Mathematics Combinations [2020-21 Batch onwards]

II Year B.Sc.-Physics: III Semester Course-III: HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS

Work load:60hrs per semester

4 hrs/week

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic aspects of kinetic theory of gases, Maxwell-Boltzman distribution law, equipartition of energies, mean free path of molecular collisions and the transport phenomenon in ideal gases
- Gain knowledge on the basic concepts of thermodynamics, the first and the second law of thermodynamics, the basic principles of refrigeration, the concept of entropy, the thermodynamic potentials and their physical interpretations.
- Understand the working of Carnot's ideal heat engine, Carnot cycle and its efficiency
- Develop critical understanding of concept of Thermodynamic potentials, the formulation of Maxwell's equations and its applications.
- Differentiate between principles and methods to produce low temperature and liquefy air and also understand the practical applications of substances at low temperatures.
- *Examine the nature of black body radiations and the basic theories.*

UNIT-I: Kinetic Theory of gases:

Kinetic Theory of gases-Introduction, Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular velocities (qualitative treatment only) and its experimental verification,Mean free path, Degrees of freedom, Principle of equipartition of energy (Qualitative ideas only), Transport phenomenon in ideal gases: viscosity, Thermal conductivity and diffusion of gases.

UNIT-II: Thermodynamics:

Introduction- Isothermal and Adiabatic processes, Reversible and irreversible processes, Carnot's engine and its efficiency, Carnot's theorem, Thermodynamic scale of temperature

(12hrs)

(12 hrs)

and its identity with perfect gas scale, Second law of thermodynamics: Kelvin's and Clausius statements, Principle of refrigeration, Entropy, Physical significance, Change in entropy in reversible and irreversible processes; Entropy and disorder-Entropy of Universe; Temperature-Entropy (T-S) diagram and its uses ; change of entropy when ice changes into steam.

UNIT-III: Thermodynamic Potentials and Maxwell's equations: (12hrs)

Thermodynamic potentials-Internal Energy, Enthalpy, Helmholtz Free Energy, Gibb's Free Energy and their significance, Derivation of Maxwell's thermodynamic relations from thermodynamic potentials, Applications to (i) Clausius-Clayperon's equation (ii) Value of C_P-C_V (iii) Value of C_P/C_V (iv) Joule-Kelvin coefficient for ideal and Van der Waals' gases

UNIT-IV: Low temperature Physics:

Methods for producing very low temperatures, Joule Kelvin effect, Porous plug experiment, Joule expansion, Distinction between adiabatic and Joule Thomson expansion, Expression for Joule Thomson cooling, Liquefaction of air by Linde's method, Production of low temperatures by adiabatic demagnetization (qualitative), Practical applications of substances at low temperatures.

UNIT-V: Quantum theory of radiation:

Blackbody and its spectral energy distribution of black body radiation, Kirchoff's law, Wein's displacement law, Stefan-Boltzmann's law and Rayleigh-Jean's law (No derivations), Planck's law of black body radiation-Derivation, Deduction of Wein's law and Rayleigh-Jean's law from Planck's law, Solar constant and its determination using Angstrom pyroheliometer, Estimation of surface temperature of Sun.

(12 hrs)

(12hrs)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Sc Physics, Vol.2, Telugu Akademy, Hyderabad
- Thermodynamics, R.C.Srivastava, S.K.Saha&AbhayK.Jain, Eastern Economy Edition.
- Unified Physics Vol.2, Optics & Thermodynamics, Jai PrakashNath&Co.Ltd., Meerut
- ✤ Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker.C. Wiley India Edition 2007
- Heat and Thermodynamics -N BrijLal, P Subrahmanyam, S.Chand& Co., 2012
- ♦ Heat and Thermodynamics- MS Yadav, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2000
- University Physics, HD Young, MW Zemansky, FW Sears, Narosa Publishers, New Delhi

Practical Course-III: Heat and Thermodynamics

Work load: 30 hrs

2 hrs/week

On successful completion of this practical course, the student will be able to;

Perform some basic experiments in thermal Physics, viz., determinations of Stefan's constant, coefficient of thermal conductivity, variation of thermo-emf of athermocouple with temperature difference at its two junctions, calibration of a thermocouple and Specific heat of a liquid.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded

- 1. Specific heat of a liquid –Joule's calorimeter –Barton's radiation correction
- 2. Thermal conductivity of bad conductor-Lee's method
- 3. Thermal conductivity of rubber.
- 4. Measurement of Stefan's constant.
- 5. Specific heat of a liquid by applying Newton's law of cooling correction.
- 6. Heating efficiency of electrical kettle with varying voltages.
- 7. Thermoemf- thermo couple Potentiometer
- 8. Thermal behavior of an electric bulb (filament/torch light bulb)
- 9. Measurement of Stefan's constant- emissive method
- 10. Study of variation of resistance with temperature Thermistor.

RECOMMENDED CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

MEASURABLE

- Assignments (in writing and doing forms on the aspects of syllabus content and outside the syllabus content. Shall be individual and challenging)
- Student seminars (on topics of the syllabus and related aspects (individual activity))
- Quiz (on topics where the content can be compiled by smaller aspects and data (Individuals or groups as teams)
- Field studies (individual observations and recordings as per syllabus content and related areas (Individual or team activity)

Study projects (by very small groups of students on selected local real-time problems pertaining to syllabus or related areas. The individual participation and contribution of students shall be ensured (team activity)

GENERAL

- ✤ Group Discussion
- Visit to Research Stations/laboratories and related industries
- ✤ Others

RECOMMENDED ASSESSMENT METHODS

Some of the following suggested assessment methodologies could be adopted;

- ✤ The oral and written examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests),
- Problem-solving exercises,
- Efficient delivery using seminar presentations,
- ✤ Viva voce interviews.

B.Sc. PHYSICS SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS

For Mathematics Combinations

[2020-21 Batch onwards]

II Year B.Sc.-Physics: IV Semester Course-IV: ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM AND ELECTRONICS

Work load:60 hrs per semester	4 hrs/week
-------------------------------	------------

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the Gauss law and its application to obtain electric field in different cases and formulate the relationship between electric displacement vector, electric polarization, Susceptibility, Permittivity and Dielectric constant.
- Distinguish between the magnetic effect of electric current and electromagnetic induction and apply the related laws in appropriate circumstances.
- Understand Biot and Savart's law and Ampere's circuital law to describe and explain the generation of magnetic fields by electrical currents.
- Develop an understanding on the unification of electric and magnetic fields and Maxwell's equations governing electromagnetic waves.
- Phenomenon of resonance in LCR AC-circuits, sharpness of resonance,Qfactor,Power factor and the comparative study of series and parallel resonant circuits.
- Describe the operation of p-n junction diodes, zener diodes, light emitting diodes and transistors
- Understand the operation of basic logic gates and universal gates and their truth tables.

UNIT-I

1. Electrostatics: (6hrs)

Gauss's law-Statement and its proof, Electric field intensity due to (i) uniformly charged solid sphere and (ii) an infinite conducting sheet of charge, Deduction of Coulomb's law from Gauss law, Electrical potential–Equipotential surfaces, Potential due to a (i) dipole (ii)uniformly charged sphere

2.Dielectrics:

Dielectrics-Polar and Non-polar dielectrics- Effect of electric field on dielectrics, Dielectric strength, Capacitance of a parallel plate condenser with dielectric slab between the plates, Electric displacement D, electric polarization P, Relation between D, E and P, Dielectric constant and electric susceptibility.

UNIT-II

3.Magnetostatics:

Biot-Savart's law and its applications: (i) circular loop and (ii) solenoid, Divergence and curl of magnetic field, Ampere's Circuital Law and its application to Solenoid, Hall effect, determination of Hall coefficient and applications.

4.Electromagnetic Induction:

Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law,Self induction and Mutual induction, Self inductance of a long solenoid, Mutual inductance of two coils, Energy stored in magnetic field, Eddy currents and Electromagnetic damping

UNIT-III

5.Alternating currents:

6.Electromagnetic waves-Maxwell's equations:

Alternating current - Relation between current and voltage in LR and CR circuits, Phasor and Vector diagrams, LCR series and parallel resonant circuit, Q –factor, Power in ac circuits, Power factor.

Idea of displacement current, Maxwell's equations-Derivation, Maxwell's wave equation (with derivation), Transverse nature of electromagnetic waves, Poynting theorem (Statement and proof)

(6 hrs)

(6 hrs)

(6 hrs)

(6 hrs)

(6 hrs)

UNIT-IV

7. Basic Electronic devices: (12 hrs)

PN junction diode, Zenerdiode andLight Emitting Diode (LED) and their I-V characteristics, Zener diode as a regulator- Transistors and its operation, CB, CE and CC configurations, Input and output characteristicsofa transistor in CE mode, Relation between alpha, beta and gamma; Hybrid parameters, Determination of hybrid parameters from transistor characteristics; Transistor as an amplifier.

UNIT-V:

8. Digital Electronics: (12 hrs)

Number systems, Conversion of binary to decimal system and vice versa, Binary addition & Binary subtraction (1's and 2's complement methods), Laws of Boolean algebra, DeMorgan's laws-Statements and Proofs, Basic logic gates, NAND and NOR as universal gates, Exclusive-OR gate, Half adder and Full adder circuits.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Sc Physics, Vol.3, Telugu Akademy, Hyderabad.
- Electricity and Magnetism, D.N. Vasudeva. S. Chand & Co.
- Electricity and Magnetism, B.D.Duggal and C.L.Chhabra. Shobanlal& Co.
- ♦ Electricity, Magnetism with Electronics, K.K.Tewari, R.Chand& Co.,
- Electricity and Magnetism, R.Murugeshan, S. Chand & Co.
- ✤ Principles of Electronics, V.K. Mehta, S.Chand& Co.,
- Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino and D.P.Leach, McGrawHill Edition.

Practical CourseIV:Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics

Work load: 30 hrs

2 hrs/week

Course outcomes (Practicals):

On successful completion of this practical course the student will be able to;

- > Measure the current sensitivity and figure of merit of a moving coil galvanometer.
- > Observe the resonance condition in LCR series and parallel circuit
- *Learn how a sonometer can be used to determine the frequency of AC-supply.*
- Observe the variation of magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current using Stewart and Gee's apparatus.
- Understand the operation of PN junction diode, Zener diode and a transistor and their V-I characteristics.
- Construct the basic logic gates, half adder and full adder and verify their truth tables. Further, the student will understand how NAND and NOR gates can be used as universal building blocks.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded

- 1. Figure of merit of a moving coil galvanometer.
- 2. LCR circuit series/parallel resonance, Q factor.
- 3. Determination of ac-frequency –Sonometer.
- 4. Verification of Kirchoff's laws and Maximum Power Transfer theorem.
- 5. Field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current-Stewart & Gee's apparatus.
- 6. PN Junction Diode Characteristics
- 7. Zener Diode –V-I Characteristics
- 8. Zener Diode as a voltage regulator
- 9. Transistor CE Characteristics- Determination of hybrid parameters
- 10. Logic Gates- OR, AND, NOT and NAND gates. Verification of Truth Tables.
- 11. Verification of De Morgan's Theorems.
- 12. Construction of Half adder and Full adders-Verification of truth tables

RECOMMENDED CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

MEASURABLE

- Assignments (in writing and doing forms on the aspects of syllabus content and outside the syllabus content. Shall be individual and challenging)
- Student seminars (on topics of the syllabus and related aspects (individual activity))
- Quiz (on topics where the content can be compiled by smaller aspects and data (Individuals or groups as teams)
- Field studies (individual observations and recordings as per syllabus content and related areas (Individual or team activity)
- Study projects (by very small groups of students on selected local real-time problems pertaining to syllabus or related areas. The individual participation and contribution of students shall be ensured (team activity)

GENERAL

- Group Discussion
- Visit to Research Stations/laboratories and related industries
- Others

RECOMMENDED ASSESSMENT METHODS

Some of the following suggested assessment methodologies could be adopted;

- ✤ The oral and written examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests),
- Practical assignments and laboratory reports,
- Observation of practical skills,
- Efficient delivery using seminar presentations,
- ✤ Viva voce interviews.

B.Sc. PHYSICS SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS

For Mathematics Combinations [2020-21 Batch onwards] II Year B.Sc.-Physics: IV Semester Course V: MODERN PHYSICS

Work load:60hrs per semester

4 hrs/week

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Develop an understanding on the concepts of Atomic and Modern Physics, basic elementary quantum mechanics and nuclear physics.
- Develop critical understanding of concept of Matter waves and Uncertainty principle.
- Get familiarized with the principles of quantum mechanics and the formulation of Schrodinger wave equation and its applications.
- Examine the basic properties of nuclei, characteristics of Nuclear forces, salient features of Nuclear models and different nuclear radiation detectors.
- Classify Elementary particles based on their mass, charge, spin, half life and interaction.
- Get familiarized with the nano materials, their unique properties and applications.
- Increase the awareness and appreciation of superconductors and their practical applications.

UNIT-I:

1. Atomic and Molecular Physics:(12 hrs)

Vector atom model and Stern-Gerlach experiment, Quantum numbers associated with it, Angular momentum of the atom, Coupling schemes, Spectral terms and spectral notations, Selection rules, Intensity rules, Fine structure of Sodium D-lines, Zeeman effect,Experimental arrangement to study Zeeman effect;Raman effect, Characteristics of Raman effect, Experimental arrangement to study Raman effect, Quantum theory of Raman effect, Applications of Raman effect.

UNIT-II:

2. Matter waves&Uncertainty Principle: (12 hrs)

Matter waves, de Broglie's hypothesis, Wave length of matter waves, Properties of matter waves, Davisson and Germer's experiment, Phase and group velocities, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle for position and momentum& energy and time, Illustration of uncertainty principle using diffraction of beam of electrons (Diffraction by a single slit)and photons(Gamma ray microscope),Bohr's principle of complementarity.

UNIT-III:

3. Quantum (Wave) Mechanics:(12 hrs)

Basic postulates of quantum mechanics, Schrodinger time independent and time dependent wave equations-Derivations, Physical interpretation of wave function, Eigen functions, Eigen values, Application of Schrodinger wave equation to (i) one dimensional potential box of infinite height(InfinitePotential Well) and (ii) one dimensional harmonic oscillator

UNIT-IV:

4. Nuclear Physics:(12 hrs)

Nuclear Structure:General Properties of Nuclei, Mass defect, Binding energy; *Nuclear forces*: Characteristics of nuclear forces- Yukawa's meson theory; *Nuclear Models*: Liquid drop model, The Shell model, Magic numbers; *Nuclear Radiation detectors*: G.M. Counter, Cloud chamber, Solid State detector; *Elementary Particles*: Elementary Particles and their classification

UNIT-V:

5. Nano materials:(7hrs)

Nanomaterials – Introduction, Electron confinement, Size effect, Surface to volume ratio, Classification of nano materials– (0D, 1D, 2D); Quantum dots, Nano wires, Fullerene, CNT, Graphene(Mention of structures and properties), Distinct properties of nano materials (Mention-*mechanical, optical, electrical, and magnetic properties*); Mention of applications of

nano materials: (Fuel cells, Phosphors for HD TV, Next Generation Computer chips, elimination of pollutants, sensors)

6. Superconductivity:

(5 hrs)

Introduction to Superconductivity, Experimental results-critical temperature, critical magnetic field, Meissner effect, Isotope effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, BCS theory (elementary ideas only), Applications of superconductors

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Sc Physics, Vol.4, Telugu Akademy, Hyderabad
- ♦ Atomic Physics by J.B. Rajam; S.Chand& Co.,
- Modern Physics by R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Siva Prasath. S. Chand & Co.
- Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser. Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- Nuclear Physics, D.C.Tayal, Himalaya Publishing House.
- S.K. Kulkarni, Nanotechnology: Principles & Practices (Capital Publ.Co.)
- K.K.Chattopadhyay&A.N.Banerjee, Introd.to Nanoscience and Technology(PHI LearningPriv.Limited).
- Nano materials, A K Bandopadhyay. New Age International Pvt Ltd (2007)
- Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, BS Murthy, P Shankar, Baldev Raj,BB Rath

and J Murday-Universities Press-IIM

Practical Course V:Modern Physics

Work load: 30 hrs

2 hrs/week

On successful completion of this practical course, the student will be able to;

- Measure charge of an electron ande/m value of an electron by Thomson method.
- > Understand how the Planck's constant can be determined using Photocell and LEDs.
- Study the absorption of α -rays and β -rays, Range of β -particles and the characteristics of GM counter
- > Determine the Energy gap of a semiconductor using thermistor and junction diode.

Minimum of 6 experiments to be done and recorded

- 1. e/m of an electron by Thomson method.
- 2. Determination of Planck's Constant (photocell).
- 3. Verification of inverse square law of light using photovoltaic cell.
- 4. Determination of the Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
- 5. Determination of work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
- 6. Study of absorption of α -rays.
- 7. Study of absorption of β -rays.
- 8. Determination of Range of β -particles.
- 9. Determination of M & H.
- 10. Analysis of powder X-ray diffraction pattern to determine properties of crystals.
- 11. Energy gap of a semiconductor using junction diode.
- 12. Energy gap of a semiconductor using thermistor
- 13. GM counter characteristics

RECOMMENDED CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES:

MEASURABLE

- Assignments (in writing and doing forms on the aspects of syllabus content and outside the syllabus content. Shall be individual and challenging)
- Student seminars (on topics of the syllabus and related aspects (individual activity)

- Quiz (on topics where the content can be compiled by smaller aspects and data (Individuals or groups as teams))
- Field studies (individual observations and recordings as per syllabus content and related areas (Individual or team activity)
- Study projects (by very small groups of students on selected local real-time problems pertaining to syllabus or related areas. The individual participation and contribution of students shall be ensured (team activity)

GENERAL

- Group Discussion
- Visit to Research Stations/laboratories and related industries
- ✤ Others

RECOMMENDED ASSESSMENT METHODS

Some of the following suggested assessment methodologies could be adopted;

- ✤ The oral and written examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests),
- Practical assignments and laboratory reports,
- Efficient delivery using seminar presentations,
- ✤ Viva voce interviews.

Note:

- The duration of the examination for each theory course is 3.00 hrs. The duration of each practical examination is 3 hrs with 50 marks
- 2. Each course in theory is of 100 marks and practical course is of 50 marks.
 - Semester End University Examination in Theory Course: 75 marks [External evaluation]
 - Mid-Semester Examination in Theory Course at the college level: 25 marks [Internal evaluation]
- 3. The University (external) examination for Theory and Practical shall be conducted at the end of each Semester.
- In each semester the evaluation in Practical courses shall be done by an external examiner appointed by the University. There shall not be Internal valuation in any semester end practical examinations.
- 5. The candidate shall prepare and submit at the time of practical examination a certified Record based on the practical course with a minimum of **6** experiments from each semester.
- 6. Numerical Problems must be solved at the end of every chapter of all Units.
- Numerical problems, each having a weightage of 4 marks, should be asked in the Semester end University examinations.
- The minimum passing marks in each theory course is 40 (External:30 and Internal:10) The minimum passing marks in each Practical/Lab course is 20.
- 9. The teaching work load per week for semesters I to IV is 4 hours for theory course and 2 hours for all laboratory (practical) courses.

- 10. Visits to industry, national research laboratories, and scientific exhibitions should be encouraged.
- 11. The syllabus for Practical courses is same for both Mathematics and Non-Mathematics combinations.
- 12. The marks distribution for the Semester End practical examination is as follows:

	Total Marks :	50
(vi)	Class Records (to be valued at the time of practical	10
(v)	Viva-voce	05
(iv)	Calculations (explicitly shown) + Graph + Result with Units	10
(iii)	Setting up of the experiment and taking readings/Observations	10
(ii)	Diagram/Circuit Diagram / Tabular Columns	10
(<i>i</i>)	Formula/ Principle / Statement with explanation of symbols and	05

B.Sc. PHYSICS

[For Mathematics combinations]

w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in May 2020)

MODEL QUESTION PAPER COMMON FOR ALL FIVE THEORY COURSES

Time : 3 hrs

Max marks : 75

SECTION-A

(Essay Type Questions)

Marks: 5x10M = 50M

Answer All questions with internal choice from each Unit

1. Essay type question from Unit-I

Or

Essay type question from Unit-I

2. Essay type question from Unit-II Or

Essay type question from Unit-II

3. Essay type question from Unit-III Or

Essay type question from Unit-III

4. Essay type question from Unit-IV

Or

Essay type question from Unit-IV

5. Essay type question from Unit-V Or

Essay type question from Unit-V

SECTION-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Marks: 5x5M = 25M

Answer any five out of the following ten questions

- 6. Short answer type question from Unit-I
- 7. Short answer type question from Unit-I
- 8. Short answer type question from Unit-II
- 9. Short answer type question from Unit-II
- 10. Short answer type question from Unit-III
- 11. Short answer type question from Unit-III
- 12. Short answer type question from Unit-IV
- 13. Short answer type question from Unit-IV
- 14. Short answer type question from Unit-V
- 15. Short answer type question from Unit-V

[Note:Question Paper setters are instructed to add Numerical Problems (each of 4 marks) with a maximum weightage of 16 marks either in Section-A or Section-B covering all the five units in the syllabus]

SUBJECT EXPERTS

Prof.K.T.Rama Krishna Reddy Dept of Physics, S V University, Tirupati

> *Dr.M.Ravi Kumar,* Lecturer in Physics, Govt. Degree College, Ananthapuram

SYLLABUS VETTED BY

Prof.R.Rama Krishna Reddy Dept of Physics, S K University, Anantapur

REVISEDUGSYLLABUS UNDERCBCS ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(A Statutory body of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

(ImplementedfromAcademicYear2020-21) PROGRAMME: FOUR YEAR B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: PHYSICS

Skill Enhancement Courses (SECs) for Semester V, from 2022-23 (Syllabus with Learning Outcomes, References, Co-curricular Activities & Model Q.P. Pattern)

Structure of SECs for Semester-V

Univ.	Course		Th. Hrs	IE	EE	Credits	Prac		
Code	No.	Name of Course	/ Week	Marks	Marks		Hrs/	Marks	Credits
	6&7						Wk		
	6A	Optical Instruments and	3	25	75	3	3	50	2
		Optometry							
	7A	Optical Imaging and	3	25	75	3	3	50	2
		Photography							
			OR						
	6B	Low Temperature Physics &	3	25	75	3	3	50	2
		Refrigeration							
	7B	Solar Energy and Applications	3	25	75	3	3	50	2

(To choose one pair from the three alternate pairs of SECs)

OR										
	6C	Applications of Electricity & Electronics	3	25	75	3	3	50	2	
	7C	Electronic Instrumentation	3	25	75	3	3	50	2	

Note-1: For Semester–V, for the domain subject Physics, any one of the above three pairs of SECs shall be chosen as courses 6 and 7, i.e., 6A & 7A or 6B & 7B or 6C & 7C. The pair shall not be broken (ABC allotment is random, not on any priority basis).

Note-2: One of the main objectives of Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) is to inculcate skills related to the domain subject in students. The syllabus of SEC will be partially skill oriented. Hence, teachers shall also impart practical training to students on the skills embedded in syllabus citing related real field situations.

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21

Course Code:

Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: **PHYSICS** IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

Max Marks: 100+50

Course 6A: OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS AND OPTOMETRY

[Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05]

I. Learning Outcomes: Students at the successful completion of the course will be able to:

1. Understand the construction and working principles of various optical instruments used in daily life.

2. Acquire a critical knowledge on the various defects of eye and their correcting methods with suitable lenses.

- 3. Demonstrate skills of using biological microscope through hands on experience.
- 4. Understand the various techniques used in optometry and computer based eye testing.

5. Comprehend the various applications of microscopes and telescopes.

II. Syllabus: (*Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.*)

UNIT-I OPTICAL MICROSCOPES (10hrs)

Introduction to Microscopes, Need of a Microscope, Different types of microscopes and their uses, Simple microscope-Construction, Magnifying power, normal adjustment; Compound microscope-Construction, Magnifying power, normal adjustment, Phase contrast microscope-Operating principle, Travelling microscope-Construction, working and uses

UNIT-II TELESCOPES (10hrs)

Introduction to Telescopes, Different types of Telescopes and their uses, Refracting Telescopes and Reflecting telescopes, Construction, working and magnifying power of Astronomical Telescope and Terrestrial Telescopes, Binoculars – working principle and applications.

UNIT-III APPLICATIONS OF OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS (10hrs)

Introductory ideas and applications of various microscopes *viz.*, (i) Optical microscopes (Compound microscope, Stereo microscope, Confocal microscope) (ii) Electron microscopes (TEM, SEM), (iii) Scanning Probe microscope (iv) Scanning Acoustic microscope and (v) X-ray microscope.

Introductory ideas and applications of various telescopes *viz.*, (i) Optical telescopes (ii) Radio telescopes (iii) Solar telescopes (iv) Infrared telescope (v) Ultraviolet telescope (vi) X-ray telescope and (vii) Gamma ray telescope

UNIT-IVOPTICAL VISION (10hrs)

Introduction to optical Vision, Eye as an optical instrument, Formation of image in the eye and the camera, Ophthalmic lenses, Power of the lenses, Far point and near points, Myopia and Hypermetropia defects, Removal of defects in vision using ophthalmic lenses, Contact lenses-Working principle, Different types of Contact lenses.

UNIT-V OPHTHALMIC TECHNIQUES AND OPTOMETRY (10hrs)

Ophthalmoscope and keratometer and their working principles, Evaluation of eye disorders, Guidelines for standardized eye chart preparation, Simple phoropter and its working principle and its uses, Checking the power of lenses, Principles of Computer based eye testing

References:

- 1. Optics and Optical Instruments: An Introduction by B. K. Johnson, Dover Publications.
- 2. Modern Optical Instruments and their construction by or ford Henry-Publisher: Biblio Life, LLC.
- 3. A Text Book of Optics by Brj Lal and N.Subramanyam, S.Chand & Co.
- 4. Practical Optics by Menn Naftly, Elsevier Science Publishing.
- 5. Applications of Optics in daily life | CK-12 Foundation. https://flexbooks.ck12.org >
- 6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the college librarian including Reading material.

Course 6A: Optical Instruments and Optometry –

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS (30 Hrs. Max Marks: 50)

IV. Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:

1. List out, identify and handle various equipments like binoculars, telescopes and microscopes.

2. Learn the procedures of operation of various optical instruments.

3. Demonstrate skills on testing the power of lenses, improving the resolution of telescopes and microscopes.

4. Acquire skills in observing and measuring the power, focal length and different refractive errors of eye.

5. Perform some techniques related to testing the blood and other biological samples.

6. Understand the technique of operation of Computer eye testing and evaluation.

V. Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus: (30 hrs)

1. Evaluation of magnifying power of simple microscope.

2. Measurement of reflection and transmission coefficient of certain materials using a microscope.

- 3. Resolving power of telescope
- 4. Determination of radii of different capillary tubes using travelling microscope.

5. Refractive index of a liquid (water) using (i) concave mirror and (ii) convex lens and a plane mirror.

- 6. Removal of refractive errors of eye using combination of lenses.
- 7. Determination of power of a convex lens by finding its focal length.

VI. Lab References:

1. A Practical Guide to Experimental Geometrical Optics byYuriy A. Garbovskiy-Cambridge Univ. Press

 <u>https://physics.columbia.edu/sites/default/files/content/Lab%20Resources/</u>1292%20Lab %20Manual.pdf

- 3. https://www.lnmiit.ac.in/Department/Physics/uploaded_files/lab-manual.pdf
- 4. Basic Optics Experiments -http://www.phys.unm.edu > Optics Lab > Basics
- 5. A Practical Guide to Experimental Geometrical Optics by Yuriy A. Garbovskiy, Anatoliy V. Glushchenko, Cambridge Univ. Press
- 6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

http://www.phy.olemiss.edu/~thomas/weblab/Optics_lab_Items/Telescope_Microscope

_PROCED_Spring_2018.pdf

VII. Co-Curricular Activities

- (a) Mandatory: (Training of students by teacher in field related skills: (lab:10 + field: 05)
- 1. For Teacher: Training of students by the teacher (if necessary, by a local expert) in laboratory/field for a total of not less than 15 hours on the field techniques/skills on the familiarization of various optical instruments available in the laboratory; construction of different types of telescopes and their comparison in construction, operation and their utility and limitations; the details of construction of eye and various defects in the eye sight, emerging techniques in the design of eye lenses including contact lenses and making the student to understand on the testing of a biological sample using a clinical microscope
- For Student: Students shall (individually) visit and observe the functioning of optical instruments at any one of the following places /centres like (a) pathological laboratory or (b) a local ophthalmologist or (c) a local optician to understand the various types of eye lenses or (d) a local computer based eye testing centreor (e) an optician, who fixes contact lenses or (f) a local cinema theatre or (g) a planetarium.Student shall write the observations and submit a hand-written Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format to the teacher.
- 2. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.
- 3. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*
- 4. Unit tests (IE).

(b) Suggested Co-Curricular Activities

- 1. Training of students by related industrial experts.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying tools in the lens grinding, frame fitting, lens cleaning culture and other operational techniques with safety and security, IPR)
- 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. (on related topics).
- 4. Preparation of videos on tools and techniques in optical instruments and optical lenses, contact lenses.
- 5. Making a model microscope and measuring its magnification.
- 6. Making a simple astronomical telescope using two convex lenses.
- 7. Checking the power of your spectacles or lenses at home.
- 8. Students shall take up making their own (i) Telescope and (ii) Binoculars with the accessories available at home.
- https://paksc.org/pk/science-experiments/physics-experiments/how-to-make-astronomicaltelescope

https://kids.nationalgeographic.com/nature/article/make-a-telescope <u>https://learning-center.homesciencetools.com/article/how-to-make-a-telescope-optical-</u> <u>science-project/</u>

http://scipop.iucaa.in/Amateurs/telemaking.html

- 9. Collection of material/figures/photos related to various types of lenses and their power.
- 10. Visit to any eye research laboratories, if available
- 11. Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by field/industrial experts

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21 Course Code:

> Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: PHYSICS IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

> > Max Marks: 100+50

Course 7A: OPTICAL IMAGING AND PHOTOGRAPHY

(Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05)

- **I. Learning Outcomes:** Students after successful completion of the course will be able to:
 - 1. Identify the different types of cameras and camera lenses according to different purposes.
 - 2. Identify and understand the focal length of the different types of lenses
 - 3. Acquire a critical knowledge on natural and artificial sources of light and their application in photography.
 - 4. Demonstrate skills of camera usage especially Digital Cameras.
 - 5. Understand the various Image development and editing techniques.
 - 6. Comprehend the concept of different types of common shooting techniques.

II. Syllabus: (*Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.*)

Unit-I: INTRODUCTION TO PHOTOGRAPHY:

Photography-Introduction, Working principle of a camera, Image formation in simple camera and human eye, Types of cameras, Pin-hole camera, Single Lens Reflex (SLR) camera, Twin Lens Reflex (TLR) camera, Digital Single-lens reflex camera (DSLR), Digital camera, Drone flying cameras, Care and maintenance of camera, Factors influencing choice of camera

Unit-II: DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY:

Different types of Digital cameras and their parts, Working of DSLR camera, Types of lenses-Normal, Wide angle, telephoto, Zoom lenses, Digital Image formation, Digital camera image sensors, Size of the image, Depth of focus, Depth of field, Exposure time, Aperture, Shutter speed, ISO, filters, knowledge on pixels and their uses, resolution, Camera accessories

Unit-III: PHOTOGRAPHIC LIGHT SOURCES:

Need for the light in photography, Light sources- Natural light, Sun light, Moon light, Ambient light, Artificial light sources-Flood light, Spot light, Halogen light, Halogen flash light, Digital lights, Exposure, Studio photography

Unit-IV: PHOTOGRAPHIC SHOOTING TECHNIQUES: (10 hrs)

Significance and role of Camera lens in photo shooting, Arrangement of lenses in a Camera-Positioning, Techniques involved in the use of DSLR cameras, Usage of Filters, Techniques of Photomicrography, High speed Photography with motor driven camera, Basic ideas on Underwater Photography, Medical Photography, Astronomical Photography, Infra-Red (IR) Photography, Ultra Violet (UV) Photography and Forensic Photography.

(10 hrs)

(10 hrs)

(10 hrs)

Unit-V: PHOTO MANIPULATION:

Developing and printing the photographs, equipment and materials used in developing and printing, image mixing and printing, Image editing through image editing software's like Adobe Photoshop – Adjustment of Brightness, Contrast, Tonal and Colour Values, Factors influencing quality of digital image, Methods of storing and processing, Image transportation through Pendrive, CD, HDD and CLOUD [Internet]

III Reference Books:

- 1. Object and image; An introduction to photography by George M Craven, PHI
- 2. An Introduction to Digital Photo Imaging Agfa, 1994
- 3. Advance Photography by M. Langford.
- 4. Digital Photography-A hands on Introduction by Phillip Krejcarek, Delmer Publishers
- 5. Multimedia An Introduction by John Villamil, PHI
- 6. https://www.adobe.com/in/creativecloud/photography/discover/dslr-camera.html
- 7. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the college librarian including reading material.

Course 7A: Optical Imaging and Photography

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS (30 Hrs, Max Marks: 50)

IV. Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:

- 1. List out, identify and understand various image formation techniques including Eye.
- 2. Learn the procedures of using Analog and Digital cameras.
- 3. Demonstrate the focusing techniques of Analog and Digital cameras.
- 4. Acquire skills in the editing and development of photos and videos.

5. Perform some experimental skills related to images, videos using the equipment available in the lab or in a local studio.

V. Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus: (30 hrs)

- 1. Construction of a simple pin hole Camera and study it's working.
- 2. Capture an image using a Digital Camera and apply editing techniques.

3. Understanding various image formats and convert one image format intoother (For ex: JPEG to BMP)

- 4. Convert a video stream into image stream by using a suitable editingsoftware.
- 5. Evaluate the number of pixels and size of digital Image.
- 6. Comparison of the quality of a 8-bit, 16-bit and 32 bit images.
- 7. Perform the reduction and enlargement of a given Digital Image.

8. Change the appearance of an image by applying the filters (For ex: from the IR image of the given digital Image by suitable IR filter)

VI. Lab References:

- 1. DSLR Photography for Beginners by Brian Black
- 2. The Art of Photography by Bruce Barnbaum
- 3. Photoshop for Photographers by John Slavio

4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCwWyFRy2l6aUFMsRemP51Sw. You Tube</u> resource.

- 5. https://www.udemy.com/course/complete-photography-course/
- 6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

VII. Co-Curricular Activities

- (a) Mandatory:(*Training of students by teacher in field related skills:* (*lab:10 + field: 05*):
- **1. For Teacher**: Training of students by the teacher (if necessary, by a local expert) in laboratory/field for not less than 15 hours on the <u>field techniques/skills</u> of Image formation by using lenses and mirrors. Also to make students to understand the construction, operation and the Physics principles involved in a normal Camera and Digital Camera.

2.For Student: Students shall (individually) visit a local Photo studio or any such facility in a university/research organization/private and observe (i) the operation of different digital cameras, compact and SLR and in taking photographs using different types of lenses by varying aperture, shutter speed for still camera, video camera, CCTV and spy camera or (ii) the use of natural light, tungsten light, fluorescent light, electronic flash reflectors, exposure meters, studio flash and its accessories or (iii) the usage of various lighting techniques for different lenses and will do practice on special areas of photography in outdoor and indoor conditions or (iv) the different processes viz., audio video recording, mixing, editing, dubbing of sound, using different types of microphones or (v) the handling of the digital video cameras, DVD, HDD, accessories and exposure to take different common shots, dimension of images and movements as per requirement or (v) the computer system by digital editing software, printing the photographs taken by digital cameras and the image transportation to the storage media, sending photographs through Email and Scanning the photographs, capture frames and analysis of images and record their observations and submit a hand-written Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format to the teacher.

- 3. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.
- 4. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*
- 5. Tests (IE).

(b) Suggested Co-Curricular Activities:

- 1. Training of students by a related skilled person from a Photo studio.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying the tools &techniques involved in photography and handling, operational techniques of different Cameras with safety and security)
- 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. (on related topics).
- 4. Preparation of videos on tools and techniques related to Image formation and Photographic Techniques.
- 5. Practice taking outdoor photographs with a digital camera in (i) Black & White and (ii) Colour in the following conditions:

Landscapes – Street / Building – Sculpture – Insect / Animal movement – Industrial plant (outside view) – Children, birds (close up / long shot / model photography)- slow and fast moving objects-Night photography etc.

- 6. Shooting of different areas and topics such as sports, wildlife, modeling, drama, documentary, serial, story board making, news, interview, seminar/ workshop, industrial, live broadcasting, musical event, advertisement, etc.
- 7. Collection of material/figures/photos related to various components of a Camera, writing and organizing them in a systematic way in a file.
- 8. Visits to any local Photo Studio or any Lab in universities, research organizations, private firms, etc.
- 9. Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by field/industrial experts.

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21

Course Code:

Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: **PHYSICS** IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

Max Marks: 100+50

Course 6B: LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS & REFRIGERATION

(Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05)

I. Learning Outcomes: Students after successful completion of the course will be able to

- 1. Identify various methods and techniques used to produce low temperatures in the Laboratory.
- 2. Acquire a critical knowledge on refrigeration and air conditioning.
- 3. Demonstrate skills of Refrigerators through hands on experience and learns about refrigeration components and their accessories.
- 4. Understand the classification, properties of refrigerants and their effects on environment.
- 5. Comprehend the applications of Low Temperature Physics and refrigeration.

II. Syllabus: (*Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.*)

UNIT-I PRODUCTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE (10 hrs)

Production of low temperatures-Introduction, Freezing mixtures, Joule-Thomson effect, Regenerative cooling, Different methods of liquefaction of gases, liquefaction of air, Production of liquid hydrogen and nitrogen, Adiabatic demagnetization, Properties of materials at low temperatures, Superconductivity

UNIT-II MEASUREMENT OF LOW TEMPERATURE (10 hrs)

Gas thermometer and its correction and calibration, Secondary thermometers, resistance thermometers, thermocouples, Vapour pressure thermometers, Magnetic thermometers, Advantages and drawbacks of each type of thermometer.

UNIT-III PRINCIPLES OF REFRIGERATION (10 hrs)

Introduction to Refrigeration- Natural and artificial refrigeration, Stages of refrigeration, Types of refrigeration - Vapor compression and vapor absorption refrigeration systems, Refrigeration cycle and explanation with a block diagram, Introductory ideas on air-conditioning.

Refrigerants-Introduction, Ideal refrigerant, Properties of refrigerant, Classification of refrigerants, commonly used refrigerants, Eco-friendly refrigerants

UNIT-IV COMPONENTS OF REFIGERATOR (10 hrs)

Refrigerator and its working, Block diagram, Coefficient of Performance (COP), Tons of refrigeration (TR) and Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER), Refrigerator components: Types of compressors, evaporators and condensers and their functional aspects, defrosting in a refrigerator, Refrigerant leakage and detection

UNIT-V APPLICATIONS OF LOW TEMPERATURE & REFRIGERATION (10 hrs.)

Applications of Low temperatures: Preservation of biological material, Food freezing, liquid nitrogen and liquid hydrogen in medical field, Superconducting magnets in MRI- Tissue ablation (cryosurgery) - Cryogenic rocket propulsion system.

Applications of refrigeration: Domestic refrigerators, Water coolers, Cold storages, Ice plants, Food preservation methods, Chemical and Process industries, Cold treatment of metals, Construction field, Desalination of water, Data centers.

III. References:

- 1. Heat and Thermodynamics by Brij Lal &N.Subramanyam, S.Chand Publishers.
- 2. Thermal Physics by S C Garg, R M Bansal & C K Ghosh, McGrawHill Education, India
- 3. Heat and Thermodynamics by M MZemansky, McGrawHill Education (India).
- 4. Low-Temperature Physics by Christian E. & Siegfried H., Springer.
- 5. Thermal Engineering by S. Singh, S.Pati, Ch:18 Introduction to Refrigeration.
- 6. The Physics Hyper Text Book. Refrigerators.https://physics.info/refrigerators/
- 7. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning by Manohar Prasad, New age international (P) limited, New Delhi
- 8. A course in Refrigeration and Air Conditioning by S.C. Arora and S. Domkundwar, Dhanpatrai and sons, Delhi

9. https://trc.nist.gov/cryogenics/Papers/Review/2017-

Low Temperature Applications and Challenges.pdf

10. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/112105129/pdf/RAC%20Lecture%203.pdf

11. Other Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the reading material. <u>https://nptel.ac.in</u>

Course 6B: Low Temperature Physics & Refrigeration

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS (30 Hrs. Max Marks: 50)

IV. Learning Outcomes: On completion of practical course, student shall be able to

- 1. List out, identify and handle equipment used in refrigeration and low temperature lab.
- 2. Learn the procedures of preparation of Freezing Mixtures.
- 3. Demonstrate skills on developing various Freezing mixtures and materials and their applications in agriculture, medicine and day to day life.
- 4. Acquire skills in observing and measuring various methodologies of very low temperatures
- 5. Perform some techniques related to Refrigeration and Freezing in daily life.

V. Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus: (30 hrs. Max marks: 50))

- 1. Record the Principles and applications of Refrigerators and Freezers.
- 2. Measure the temperatures below Melting point of Ice using a thermometer available in the Lab.
- 3. Make a freezing mixture by adding different salts viz., Sodium chloride, Potassium Hydrate (KOH), Calcium chloride to ice in different proportions and observe the temperature changes.
- 4. Study the operation of a refrigerator and understand the working of different parts.
- 5. Study the properties of refrigerants like chlorofluorocarbons-hydrochlorofluoro- carbons and record the lowest temperatures obtained.
- 6. Consider a simple faulty refrigerator and try to troubleshoot the simple problems by understanding its working.

- 7. Understand the practical problem of filling the Freon Gas into the Refrigerator.
- 8. Get the Liquid Nitrogen or Liquid Helium from nearby Veterinary Hospital and measure their temperatures using chromel-alumel thermocouple or mercury thermometer and observe their physical properties like colour, smell etc and precautions to be taken for their safe handling.
- 9. Preparation of freeze drying food with Dry ice and liquid nitrogen
- 10. Preparation of freeze drying food with liquid nitrogen

VI. Lab References:

- 1. Experimental techniques in low temperature physics by Guy White, PhilipMeeson.
- 2. Experimental low-temperature physics by A. Kent, Macmillan physical science series
- 3. Physics and Chemistry at Low Temperatures by Leonid Khriachtchev.

https://www.routledge.com/Physics-and-Chemistry-at-Low-Temperatures

/Khriachtchev/p/book/9789814267519

- 4. Practical Cryogenics .http://research .physics illinois.edu /bezryadin /links/ practical%20Cryogenics.pdf
- 5. Freeze-Drying, 3rd Edition by Peter Haseley, Georg-Wilhelm Oetjen, Wiley (e-Book)
- 6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

VII. Co-Curricular Activities:

(a) Mandatory:(*Training of students by teacher in field related skills:* (*lab:10 + field: 05*)

- 1. **For Teacher**: Training of students by the teacher in the in the laboratory/field for a total of not less than 15 hours on the techniques/skills of Low Temperature Production, methods used and applications of Low temperatures and refrigeration in day to day life and other applications in medicine and industry.
- 2. For Student: Student shall (individually) visit (i) a small ice plant or a cold storage plant (ii) Air Conditioner (AC) repair shop or (iii) Refrigerator repair shop to understand the construction, working principle and the trouble shooting of these devices after interacting with the technicians. Or Student shall observe the various thermodynamic processes taking place while working with the refrigerator and observe the leak detection in refrigeration system by different methods, air removal and charging of a refrigeration unit and testing of a refrigeration system to find out the Refrigerating capacity/Ton of refrigeration (TR) and the Power input. Or Student shall identify the refrigerant cylinder by color coding and standing pressure. Or Student shall visit the freezer aisle of a supermarket and observes the bags of different frozen fruits. Student shall write the observations and submit a hand-written Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format to the teacher.
- 3. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.
- 4. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*
- 5. Unit tests (IE).

(b) Suggested Co-Curricular Activities

- 1. Training of students by related Factory, industrial experts.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying tools in Refrigerators, Freezers and their handling, operational techniques with safety and security)
- 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. (on related topics).
- 4. Preparation of videos on tools and techniques in Low Temperatures and applications.
- 5. Collection of material/figures/photos related to substances used in Freezing Mixtures, their Properties and availability etc., writing and organizing them in a systematic way in a file.
- 6. Visits to Ice plants and labs in universities, research organizations, private firms, etc.
- 7. Making your own mini refrigerator at home
- 8. Build your own water cooler with the materials available at home.
- 9. Making hand launched liquid nitrogen rockets
- 10. Experiments with Liquid nitrogen and strawberry/ banana/ lemon/ onion/ mushroom/ egg etc. (*To be tried under professional supervision only*).
- 11. Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by field/industrial experts
- 12. Identification of different Ozone-depleting substances (ODS) that damage the ozone layer in the upper atmosphere.
- 13. Demonstration to illustrate the greenhouse effect and the role of carbon dioxide as a greenhouse gas using plastic water bottles, flood light lamp, beakers and temperature sensors and observe the temperature changes.

 $\label{eq:https://edu.rsc.org/experiments/modelling-the-greenhouse-effect/1543.article \\ \https://sealevel.jpl.nasa.gov/files/archive/activities/ts1hiac1.pdf$

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21

Course Code:

Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: **Physics** IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

Max Marks: 100+50

Course 7B: Solar Energy and Applications

[Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05]

- I. Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
 - 1. Understand Sun structure, forms of energy coming from the Sun and its measurement.
 - 2. Acquire a critical knowledge on the working of thermal and photovoltaic collectors.
 - 3. Demonstrate skills related to callus culture through hands on experience
 - 4. Understand testing procedures and fault analysis of thermal collectors and PV modules.
 - 5. Comprehend applications of thermal collectors and PV modules.

II. Syllabus: (Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.)

Unit - I: BASIC CONCEPTS OF SOLAR ENERGY (10hrs)

Spectral distribution of solar radiation, Solar constant, zenith angle and Air-Mass, standard time, local apparent time, equation of time, direct, diffuse and total radiations. Pyrheliometer - working principle, direct radiation measurement, Pyrometer-working Principle, diffuse radiation measurement, Distinction between the two meters.

Unit - II: SOLAR THERMAL COLLECTORS (10hrs)

Solar Thermal Collectors-Introduction, Types of Thermal collectors, Flat plate collector – liquid heating type, Energy balance equation and efficiency, Evacuated tube collector, collector overall heat loss coefficient, Definitions of collector efficiency factor, collector heat-removal factor and collector flow factor, Testing of flat-plate collector, solar water heating system, natural and forced circulation types.

Concentrating collectors, Solar cookers, Solar dryers, Solar desalinators.

Unit - III: FUNDAMENTALS OF SOLAR CELLS (10hrs)

Semiconductor interface, Types, homo junction, hetero junction and Schottky barrier, advantages and drawbacks, Photovoltaic cell, equivalent circuit, output parameters, conversion efficiency, quantum efficiency, Measurement of I-V characteristics, series and shunt resistance, their effect on efficiency, Effect of light intensity, inclination and temperature on efficiency

Unit -IV: TYPES OF SOLARCELLS AND MODULES (10 hrs)

Types of solar cells, Crystalline silicon solar cells, I-V characteristics, poly-Si cells, Amorphous silicon cells, Thin film solar cells-CdTe/CdS and CuInGaSe2/CdS cell configurations, structures, advantages and limitations, Multi junction cells – Double and triple junction cells. Module fabrication steps, Modules in series and parallel, Bypass and blocking diodes

Unit – V: SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS (10hrs)

Energy storage in PV systems, Energy storage modes, electrochemical storage, Batteries, Primary and secondary, Solid-state battery, Molten solvent battery, lead acid battery and dry batteries, Mechanical storage – Flywheel, Electrical storage –Super capacitor

III. References:

1. Solar Energy Utilization by G. D. Rai, Khanna Publishers

2. Solar Energy- Fundamentals, design, modelling and applications by G.N. Tiwari, Narosa Publications, 2005.

3. Solar Energy-Principles of thermal energy collection & storage by S.P. Sukhatme, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishers, 1999.

4. Science and Technology of Photovoltaics, P. Jayarama Reddy, CRC Press

(Taylor & Francis Group), Leiden &BS Publications, Hyderabad, 2009.

5. Solar Photovoltaics- Fundamentals, technologies and applications, Chetan Singh Solanki, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,

6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the college librarian including reading material.

- (a) <u>https://courses.edx.org/c4x/DelftX/ET.3034TU/asset/solar_energy_v1.1.pdf</u>
- (b) https://www.sku.ac.ir/Datafiles/BookLibrary/45/John%20A.%20Duffie,%20William%2 0A.%20Beckman(auth.)-Solar%20Engineering%20of%20Thermal%20Processes,%20Fourth%20Edition%20(20 13).pdf

Course 6B: Solar Energy and Applications – Practical (lab) work (30 hrs, Max Marks:50)

- **IV.** Learning Outcomes :On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:
- 1. List out and identify various components of solar thermal collectors and systems, solar photovoltaic modules and systems.
- 2. Learn the procedures for measurement of direct, global and diffuse solar radiation, I V characteristics and efficiency analysis of solar cells and modules.
- 3. Demonstrate skills acquired in evaluating the performance of solar cell / module in connecting them appropriately to get required power output.
- 4. Acquire skills in identification and elimination of the damaged panels without affecting the output power in a module / array.
- 5. Perform procedures and techniques related to general maintenance of solar thermal and photovoltaic modules.

V. Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus: (30 hrs) (Max.50 Marks)

- 1. Measurement of direct radiation using pyrheliometer.
- 2. Measurement of global and diffuse radiation using pyranometer.
- 3. Evaluation of performance of a flat plate collector
- 4. Evaluation of solar cell / module efficiency by studying the I V measurements.
- 5. Determination of series and shunt resistance of a solar cell / module.
- 6. Determination of efficiency of two solar cells / modules connected in series.
- 7. Determination of efficiency of two solar cells / modules connected in parallel.
- 8. Study the effect of input intensity on the performance of solar cell / module.
- 9. Study the influence of cell / module temperature on the efficiency.
- 10. Study the effect of cell / module inclination on the efficiency.

VI. Lab References:

1.Solar Photo voltaic- Alab training manual, C.S. Solanki et al., Foundation Books Publishers, 2012.

2. Laboratory Manual on Solar thermal experiments, HP Garg, TC Kandpal, Narosa Publishing House 2000.

3. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

https://renewablelab.niu.edu/experiments/solarPanel

Development of simple solar hot water collector:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WP8H5IOTwYU

https://www.instructables.com/Solar-Water-Heater-From-Scratch/

VII. Co-curricular Activities:

(a) Mandatory: (Training of students by teacher in field related skills: (lab:10 + field: 05)

1. **For Teacher**: Training of students by the teacher in the in the laboratory/field for not less than 15 hours on the <u>field techniques/skills</u> related to measurement of direct, diffused and global solar radiation; demonstration of procedures used in the performance evaluation of solar flat plate collectors, solar photovoltaic cells and modules measurement of different parameters in the calculation of efficiency.

2. For Student: Students shall visit to solar thermal and photovoltaic laboratories in universities/research organizations/ nearby industries to observe and understand the techniques and procedures used for evaluation of solar collector, solar cell and module efficiencies. They shall write their observations and submit to the teacher hand-written Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format.

3. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.

4. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*5. Unit tests (IE).

(b) Suggested Co-Curricular Activities

- 1. Training of students by related industrial/ technical experts using guest lectures/ invited talks.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying components of a solar hot water and solar photovoltaic systems and their handling, operational techniques and maintenance procedures with safety and security)
 - 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. on related topics.
 - 4. Preparation of videos on thermal and photovoltaic systems and technical procedures.
- 5. Collection of brochures/figures/photos related to products and applications of solar energy and organizing them in a systematic way in a file.

6. Making a (i) solar panel (ii) solar light (iii) solar cooker (iv) solar oven (v) solar inverter at Home.

7. Visits to nearby solar thermal system as well as solar photovoltaic power stations, firms, research organizations etc.

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21

Course Code:

Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: **PHYSICS** IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

Max Marks: 100+50

Course 6C: APPLICATIONS OF ELECTRICITY & ELECTRONICS

(Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05)

I. Learning Outcomes: Students after successful completion of the course will be able to:

- 1. Identify various components present in Electricity& Electronics Laboratory.
- 2. Acquire a critical knowledge of each component and its utility (like resistors, capacitors, inductors, power sources etc.).
- 3. Demonstrate skills of constructing simple electronic circuits consisting of basic circuit elements.
- 4. Understand the need & Functionality of various DC & AC Power sources.
- 5. Comprehend the design, applications and practices of various electrical & Electronic devices and also their trouble shooting.

II. Syllabus: (*Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.*)

Unit-I INTRODUCTION TO PASSIVE ELEMENTS (10 hrs.)

Passive and Active elements-Examples, **Resistor**-Types of Resistors, Color coding - Applications of a Resistor as a heating element in heaters and as a fuse element. **Capacitor**-Types of Capacitors, Color coding, Energy stored in a capacitor, Applications of Capacitor in power supplies, motors(Fans) etc., **Inductor**-Types of Inductors, EMF induced in an Inductor, Applications of Inductor, Application of choke in a fan and in a radio tuning circuit, Series resonance circuit as a Radio tuning circuit.

Unit-II Power Sources (Batteries) (10 hrs.)

Types of power sources-DC & AC sources, Different types of batteries, Rechargeable batteries –Lead acid batteries, Ni-MH batteries, Li-ion batteries- Li-PO batteries, Series, Parallel& Series-Parallel configuration of batteries, Constant Voltage source-Constant Current Source-Applications of Current sources & Voltage sources, SMPS used in computers.

Unit-III Alternating Currents (10 hrs)

A.C Power source-Generator, Construction and its working principle, Transformers-Construction and its working principle, Types of Transformers-Step-down and Step-up Transformers, Relation between primary turns and secondary turns of the transformer with emf., Use of a Transformer in a regulated Power supplies, Single phase motor –working principle, Applications of motors(like water pump, fan etc.).

Unit-IV Power Supplies (Skill Based) (10 hrs.)

Working of a DC regulated power supply, Construction of a 5 volts regulated power supply, Design of a step-down (ex: 220-12V) and step-up (ex: 120-240V) transformers-Simple Design of FM Radio circuit using LCR series resonance (tuning) circuit, Checking the output voltage of a battery eliminator using a MultiMate.(Trouble shooting), Design of a simple 5 volts DC charger, Power supply for computers(SMPS)

Unit-V Applications of Electromagnetic Induction (10 hrs.)

DC motor –Construction and operating principle, Calculation of power, voltage and current in a DC motor, Design of a simple Motor (for example Fan) with suitable turns of coil-DC generator-Construction, operating principle and EMF equation, Construction of a simple DC generator, Difference between DC and AC generators

III. References:

1. Grob's Basic Electronics by Mitchel Schultz , TMH or McGraw Hill

2. Electronic and Electrical Servicing by Ian Robertson Sinclair, John Dunton, Elsevier Publications

3. Troubleshooting Electronic Equipment by R.S.Khandapur, TMH

4. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the college librarian including reading material.

Course 6C: Applications of Electricity & Electronics-

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS (30 hrs, Max Marks: 50)

- IV. **Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:
- 1. List out, identify and handle various equipment in Electrical & Electronics laboratory.
- 2. Learn the procedures of designing simple electrical circuits.
- 3. Demonstrate skills on the utility of different electrical components and devices.
- 4. Acquire the skills regarding the operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of various Devices in the lab.
- 5. Understand the different applications of Electromagnetic induction.

V. **Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus**: (30 hrs, Max marks:50)

- 1. Acquainting with the soldering techniques
- 2. Design and Construction of a 5 Volts DC unregulated power supply
- 3. Construction of a Step down Transformer and measurement of its output voltage. And to compare it with the calculated value.
- 4. Connect two or three resistors or capacitors or inductors and measure the Series, Parallel Combination values using a Multimeter and compare the values with the Calculated values.
- 5. Use the Digital Multimeter and Analog Multimeter to measure the output voltage of an
- AC &DC power supply and also the voltage and frequency of a AC signal using CRO.
- 6. Use the Multimeter to check the functionality of a Diode and Transistor. Also test whether the given transistor is PNP or NPN.
- 7. Construct a series electric circuit with R, L and C having an AC source and study the frequency response of this circuit. Find the Resonance Frequency.
- 8. Construct a Parallel electric circuit with R, L & C having an AC source and study the frequency response of this circuit .Find the resonant frequency.
- 9. Test whether a circuit is a Open circuit or Short Circuit by measuring continuity with a Multimeter and record your readings.

VI. Lab References:

- 1. Laboratory Manual for Introductory Electronics Experiments by Maheshwari, L.K. Anand, M.M.S., New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 2. Electricity-Electronics Fundamentals: A Text-lab Manual by Paul B. Zbar, Joseph Sloop, & Joseph G. Sloop , McGraw-Hill Education
- 3. Laboratory Manual Basic Electrical Engineering by Umesh Agarwal, Notion Press
 - 4. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering by <u>S.K. Bhattacharya</u>, Pearson Publishers.
- 5. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

VI. Co-Curricular Activities:

- (a) Mandatory:(*Training of students by teacher in field related skills:* (*lab:10 + field: 05*)
- 1. **For Teacher**: Training of students by the teacher (if necessary, by a local expert) in laboratory/field for not less than 15 hours on the understanding of various electronic &electrical components and devices. And also understand the functional knowledge of these components and devices so that the student can safely handle these electronic components.
- 2. For Student: Students shall (individually) visita local Radio, TV or Mobile repair shop to understand the testing and soldering techniques and different electronic components in the devices that we use daily life. And also to understand the troubleshooting and working of domestic appliances such as cell phone chargers, fan, electric iron, heater, inverter, micro oven, washing machine etc.(Or)Students shall also visit the Physics/Electronics or Instrumentation Labs of nearby local institutions and can get additional knowledge by interacting with the technical people working there. (Or)Students shall also visit the local motor winding shop to understand the motor winding and working of different types of motors. After the observations, a handwritten Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format to be submitted to the teacher.
- 3. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.
- 4. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*
- 5. Unit tests (IE).

(b) <u>Suggested Co-Curricular Activities</u>

- 1. Training of students by related industrial experts.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying various electrical and electronic components & devices and their handling, operational techniques with safety and security)
- 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. (on related topics).
- 4. Preparation of videos on tools and techniques in Electrical & Electronic Appliances in daily life.
- 5. Collection of material/figures/photos related to Electrical products like Heaters, Motors, Fans etc. and writing and organizing them in a systematic way in a file.
- 6. Visits to nearby electrical or electronic industries or laboratories in universities, research organizations, private firms, etc.
- 7. Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by field/industrial experts

A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Semester-wise Revised Syllabus under CBCS, 2020-21

Course Code:

Four-year B.Sc. (Hons) Domain Subject: **PHYSICS** IV Year B. Sc.(Hons) – Semester – V

Max Marks: 100+50

Course 7C: ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION

[Skill Enhancement Course (Elective), Credits: 05]

I. Learning Outcomes: Students after successful completion of the course will be able to:

- 1. Identify various facilities required to set up a basic Instrumentation Laboratory.
- 2. Acquire a critical knowledge of various Electrical Instruments used in the Laboratory.
- 3. Demonstrate skills of using instruments like CRO, Function Generator, Multimeter etc. through hands on experience.
- 4. Understand the Principle and operation of different display devices used in the display systems and different transducers
- 5. Comprehend the applications of various biomedical instruments in daily life like B.P. meter, ECG, Pulse oxymeter etc. and know the handling procedures with safety and security.

II. Syllabus: (Total Hours: 90 including Teaching, Lab, Field Training, Unit tests etc.)

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUMENTS (10 hrs)

Types of electronic Instruments- Analog instruments & Digital Instruments, DC Voltmeter and AC Voltmeter, Construction and working of an Analog Multimeter and Digital Multimeter (Block diagram approach), Sensitivity, 3¹/₂display and 4¹/₂ display Digital multimeters, Basic ideas on Function generator

UNIT-II OSCILLOSCOPE (10 hrs)

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope-Introduction, Block diagram of basic CRO, Cathode ray tube, Electron gun assembly, Screen for CRT, Time base operation, Vertical deflection system, Horizontal deflection system, Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage (DC and DC), frequency, phase difference, Different types of oscilloscopes and their uses, Digital storage Oscilloscope

UNIT-III TRANSDUCERS (10 hrs)

Classification of transducers, Selection of transducers, Resistive, capacitive & inductive transducers, Resistive and capacitive touch screen transducer used in mobiles, Displacement transducer-LVDT, Piezoelectric transducer, Photo transducer, Digital transducer, Fibre optic sensors

UNIT-IVDISPLAY INSTRUMENTS (10 hrs)

Introduction to Display devices, LED Displays, Seven Segment Displays, Construction and operation (Display of numbers), Types of SSDs (Common Anode & Common Cathode type), Limitations of SSDs, Liquid Crystal Displays, Principle and working of 2x16 display and 4x16 LCD modules, Applications of LCD modules.

UNIT-VBIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTS (10 hrs)

Basic operating principles and uses of (i) Clinical thermometer (ii) Stethescope (iii) Sphygmomanometer (iv) ECG machine (v) Radiography (vi) Ophthalmoscope (vii) Ultrasound scanning (viii) Ventilator (ix) Pulse oxymeter (x) Glucometer, Basic ideas of CT scan and MRI scan

III Reference Books:

- 1. Electronic Instrumentation by H.S.Kalsi , TMH Publishers
- 2. Electronic Instrument Hand Book by Clyde F. Coombs, McGraw Hill
- 3. Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation by Mandeep Singh, PHI Learning.

4. Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements by Leslie Cromwell ,Prentice Hall India.

- 5. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation by Kishor, K Lal, Pearson, New Delhi
- 6. Electrical and Electronic Measurements by Sahan, A.K., Dhanpat Rai, New Delhi

7. Electronic Instruments and Measurement Techniques by Cooper, W.D. Halfrick, A.B., PHI Learning, New Delhi

8. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned and the college librarian including reading material.

Course 7C: Electronic Instrumentation– PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

(30 Hrs. Max Marks: 50)

IV. Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:

- 1. List out, identify and handle various equipment in Instrumentation Laboratory or Electronic Laboratory.
- 2. Learn the construction, operational principles of various instruments.

3. Demonstrate skills on handling, Maintenance & trouble shooting of different instruments used in the Labs.

4. Acquire skills in observing and measuring various electrical and electronic quantities.

5. Perform some techniques related to Biomedical Instrumentation and measurement of Certain physiological parameters like body temperature, B.P. and sugar levels etc.

V. Practical (Laboratory) Syllabus: (30 hrs. Max marks: 50)

1.Familiarisation of digital multimeter and its usage in the measurements of (i) resistance (ii) current, (iii) AC & DC voltages and for (i) continuity test (ii) diode test and (iii) transistor test

2. Measure the AC and DC voltages, frequency using a CRO and compare the values Measured with other instruments like Digital multimeter.

3. Formation of Sine, Square wave signals on the CRO using Function Generator and measure their frequencies. Compare the measured values with actual values.

4. Display the numbers from 0 to 9 on a single Seven Segment Display module by Applying voltages.

5. Display the letters \mathbf{a} to \mathbf{h} on a single Seven Segment Display module by applying voltages.

6. Measurement of body temperature using a digital thermometer and list out the error and corrections.

7. Measurement of Blood Pressure of a person using a B.P. meter and record your values and analyze them.

8. Get acquainted with an available ECG machine and study the ECG pattern to understand the meaning of various peaks

9. Observe and understand the operation of a Digital Pulse oxymeter and measure the pulse rate of different people and understand the working of the meter.

VI. Lab References:

1. Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation by J.P. Navani. ,S Chand & Co Ltd

2. Principles of Electronic Instrumentation by A De Sa, Elsevier Science Publ.

3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation by S.P.Bihari, YogitaKumari, Dr. Vinay Kakka, Vayu Education of India .

4. Laboratory Manual For Introductory Electronics Experiments by Maheshwari, New Age

International (P) Ltd., Publishers.

5. Electricity-Electronics Fundamentals: A Text-lab Manual by Paul B. Zbar ,Joseph Sloop, & Joseph G. Sloop, McGraw-Hill Education.

6. Web sources suggested by the teacher concerned.

VII. Co-Curricular Activities

(a) Mandatory:(*Training of students by teacher in field related skills: (lab:10 + field:05)*1. For Teacher: Training of students by the teacher in the in the laboratory/field for not less than 15 hours on the field techniques/skills of understanding the operation, Maintenance and utility of various electrical and electronic instruments both in the Laboratory as well as in daily life.

For Student: Students shall (individually)visit a local electrical and electronics shop or small firm to familiarize with the various electrical and electronic instruments available in the market and also to understand their functionality, principle of operation and applications as well as the troubleshooting of these instruments.(Or) Student shall visit a diagnostic centre and observe the ECG machine and the ECG pattern(Or) Student shall visit a diagnostic centre and observe the CT scan and MRI scan.(Or) Student shall visit a mobile smart phone repair shop and observe the different components on the PCB(Motherboard), different ICs (chips) used in the motherboard and trouble shooting of touch screen in smart phones.

Observations shall be recorded in a hand-written Fieldwork/Project work not exceeding 10 pages in the given format to be submitted to the teacher.

- 2. Max marks for Fieldwork/Project work: 05.
- 3. Suggested Format for Fieldwork/Project work: *Title page, student details, index page, details of place visited, observations, findings and acknowledgements.*
- 4. Unit tests (IE)

(b)Suggested Co-Curricular Activities

- 1. Training of students by related industrial / technical experts.
- 2. Assignments (including technical assignments like identifying different measuring instruments and tools and their handling, operational techniques with safety and security.
- 3. Seminars, Group discussions, Quiz, Debates etc. (on related topics).
- 4. Making your own stethoscope at home.
- 5. Making seven segment display at home.
- 6. Preparation of videos on tools and techniques in various branches of instrumentation.
- 7. Collection of material/figures/photos related to products of Measuring Instruments, Display Modules and Biomedical Instruments and arrange them in a systematic way in a file.
- 8. Visits to Instrumentation Laboratories of local Universities or Industries like Cement, Chemical or Sugar Plants etc. or any nearby research organizations, private firms, etc.
- 9. Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by Technical /industrial experts

Draft syllabus prepared by,

Dr. M. Ravi Kumar, Principal, T.R.R. Govt Degree College, Kandukur, PrakasamDist Dr. Y. Narasimha Murthy, Associate Prof of Physics, S.S.B.N.College, Anantapur Prof. K.T. Ramakrishna Reddy, Professor, Dept. of Physics, S.V.University, Tirupati.